

New York, Jan. 14.—Silver, 56 7/8c;
lead, \$5.90; spelter, \$17.50; copper,
\$24.00@24.25.

WEATHER—Utah: Tonight and
Saturday Cloudy With Local Snow
Tonight or Saturday; Not Much
Change in Temperature.

Carranza Promises Summary Vengeance Will Be Meted Out To Villa Outlaws

TROOPS ARE IN FULL PURSUIT OF MURDERERS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS

Patrols From End to End of Railroad Line Ordered to Prepare Against Further Outrages in Northern Mexico—Villa Soldiers Continue Outlawry—Rolling Stock and Bridges Destroyed and Citizens in Suburb of Torreon Executed and Bodies Left in Streets—Special Train Is Sent From Juarez to Bring Out All Americans or Other Foreigners Desiring to Come.

Washington, Jan. 14.—All Americans at Madeira, Mexico are reported safe in official dispatches today to the state department which specifically deny the report of the murder of ten Americans and two English women. The colony there was attacked by bandits who were routed.

Washington, Jan. 14.—General Carranza today telegraphed his ambassador at Queretaro:

"The murderous attack on the passenger train near Chihuahua was made by the only remaining band of outlaws. This band is pursued by my troops with a view to insure its capture whereupon punishment, which their crime deserves, will be applied to every guilty participant."

"Troops of the constitutional government have been ordered to establish patrols from end to end of the railroad line in order to prepare against similar outrages."

General Carranza's dispatches were the first direct assurance that he will comply with the urgent representations of the United States government. Upon the success of the steps he takes the next move in the Mexican situation seems to depend.

After Chairman Stone, of the senate foreign relations committee, had discussed the situation with the president, he returned to the senate chamber and again expressed the view that the United States should not move toward armed intervention until the Carranza government had demonstrated whether it was capable of controlling the country.

Senator Works, Republican, introduced a resolution proposing armed intervention and declared that congress should share with the president the responsibility for whatever is done.

State department dispatches added virtually nothing new to the situation in Mexico.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 14.—United States army patrols were withdrawn from the business district today. Tranquility prevailed where last night riotous scenes were enacted, attributed to resentment against the killing of Americans at Santa Isabel, Chihuahua. When the disorders passed beyond control of the local police, army patrols were sent to assist local officers in quelling the disturbances.

A call was circulated today for a mass meeting to protest against the "massacre of Santa Isabel."

Mayor Tom Lea, however, stopped the circulation of the call and forbade the meeting until Americans now in Mexico could be brought to the border.

Generals Are Executed.

Generals Jose Rodriguez and Almeida were executed at Madeira shortly after their arrest, according to a dispatch received by the Mexican consul from General Jacinto Trevino today.

Andreas G. Garcia, Mexican consul declared today in answer to a formal inquiry, that no armed expeditionary force of Americans would be permitted to enter Mexico to run down Villa and his bandits.

Special Bringing Foreigners.

A long special train left Chihuahua at 3:30 o'clock this morning for Juarez bearing, it was said, all foreigners to the border that could be persuaded to leave the district. They included all employees of the American Smelt, and Refining company. A special train left Juarez early today for Parral, western Chihuahua, to bring out about two hundred foreigners in the camps there. There has been no telegraphic communication with Parral since January 10.

American Consul Edwards in Juarez received orders from the Secretary of State Lansing to notify American consuls and consular agents in Mexico, including those at Torreon and Chihuahua, to urge their nationals to leave northern Mexico and to communicate this order to the foreign consuls in this city.

Mexicans Hate Americans.

A United States official sent to Juarez to report upon stories of irritation there as the result of the rioting here last night, was stopped by a Mexican who asked:

"What do these gringos mean by killing Mexicans over there?"

The official replied that he had heard nothing of it.

"The better look out" retorted the Mexican.

A report that three Mexicans had been killed during the disorders in El Paso was denied by officials.

into such places and Americans who venture forth on belligerent ships into war zones are committing a crime against the government whose protection they seek. Of course, we must try to protect them. We have a technical legal right to go into such dangerous places, but we should not do it, if possible to avoid it, and thus embarrass the United States.

"I am not convinced that it will not be necessary to go into Mexico, but this is an absurd time to talk of war."

Ambassador Suggests Plan.

General Carranza's ambassador here today suggested to his government that all Americans in dangerous districts be compelled to come into garisoned places where Carranza troops can protect them.

Secretary Lansing asked Mr. Arredondo to request General Carranza to provide at once trains and guards for the removal of Americans who wished to leave endangered localities.

Mr. Arredondo forwarded the request with his endorsement and his own suggestion that Americans in danger be compelled to go into a safety zone if it be necessary to force them to do so.

CARS OF BUTTER SENT TO RUSSIA

Chicago Rushes Twenty-five Carloads to New York to Be Sent Out in Single Consignment.

New York, Jan. 14.—As showing the heavy shipments of food supplies now being made from this port to Russia, it was stated today that a special train of twenty-five cars loaded with butter, was rushed here from Chicago within forty-eight hours in order to be shipped on board the steamer Caranza, another vessel leaving yesterday for Russia. The amount of this shipment is understood to have exceeded all records for a single consignment. This is believed to be the first American-made butter ever shipped to Russia.

Dealers say that America has butler to spare and that they are anxious to extend their exports as the holdings of storage butter in refrigerating plants throughout the country are heavier than a year ago.

The report of the Associated Warehousemen on January 1 showed there were in forty-five leading houses, 35,338,000 pounds of butter in storage, an increase of nearly ten million pounds over the supply stored one year ago.

Boise, Ida., Jan. 14.—Mining circles in southern Idaho, are greatly stirred over the murder by Mexican bandits of Charles R. Watson, and Charles A. Pringle, both of whom were well known in this part of the state. Watson managed the Edna mine near Idaho City, until six years ago, when he took over the manager of the Cusi property in Chihuahua.

Pringle was manager of the Yama Copper company's mine at Blumhagen Canyon, Utah, when he went to Mexico two years ago.

SENATOR STONE DEFENDS WILSON

Chairman of Foreign Relations Outlines Mexican Situation—Carranza Must Act.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee, conferred on the Mexican situation early today with President Wilson. He said he was gathering information of the administration's attitude with which to meet attacks in the senate. Senator Stone said after his conference that he did not expect American troops would be sent into Mexico unless there were further developments to force it. He considered it that the Villa element, enraged by the recognition of Carranza, were determined to attack Americans to force intervention. He said the administration will look to Carranza to control the situation and punish bandits.

Senator Stone said there was no present intention of calling a meeting of the foreign relations committee to consider the pending resolutions proposing interference in Mexico. White House officials indicated that the resolution of Senator Lewis of Illinois, the Democratic whip, authorizing the president to use armed forces was introduced without their knowledge.

Monstrous to Go to War.

"It would be monstrous for the United States to go to war with Mexico at such a time as this," declared Senator Stone after his return to the capital. "I was the original war man in the senate when there was no organized government recognized by this country. But now we have recognized a government and it would be absurd to rush in without giving that government a chance to suppress and punish the bandit bands that have murdered American citizens."

Bandits Seeking Revenge.

"We know these bandits are seeking blood of Americans for revenge. I think that Americans who venture

MISSION WORKER LOST ON PERSIA



Rev. Homer R. Salisbury.

Among the American reported to have lost their lives in the sinking of the steamer Persia in the Mediterranean was Homer L. Salisbury, the head of the Seventh Day Adventist missions service in Persia.

COLD AND HUNGER PINCHING POOR

Third Day of Intense Cold Brings Overwhelming Number of Calls for Aid.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 14.—A heavy snowstorm sweeping the Sierra Nevada stopped passenger and freight traffic over the mountains by way of the Southern Pacific Railway company today.

The Western Pacific is still routing trains through the Feather river canyon where a big storm is raging.

Weather Moderating.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 14.—With low pressure area west of the Continental Divide, moderate temperatures were reported today by the weather bureau in New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, Idaho and Nevada.

Warmer temperatures were predicted for Colorado tonight although the lowest temperatures in the last twenty-four hours were above zero.

**HOLLANDERS IN
GREAT DANGER**

Dikes Burst and People Flee for Lives—Greater Part of North Holland Facing Disaster.

Amsterdam, Jan. 14, via London.—The telegraph reports that the Zuider Zee dike at Katwoude has burst and that Zuid Polner has been flooded. The inhabitants of that place were obliged to abandon it and have fled to Edam, which is partly flooded, the newspaper adds.

A later message from Edam says that the dike protecting Polderzeewang is in danger and that if it breaks the result will be the flooding of the greater part of north Holland.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 14.—Three hundred thousand muskrat furs were to be sold here today at the fur auction which has attracted buyers from all over the world. Seventy thousand opossum skins and 51,000 skunk skins also were to be auctioned off.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 14.—The third day of the cold wave in the southwest dawned today with no prospect of immediate relief. The temperature officially recorded here at 2 a. m. today was minus 7. As a result the poor of many cities were faced with the likelihood of cold and hunger. Charity organizations were overwhelmed with calls for aid.

While slightly moderating temperatures were predicted for today there was no expectation of general relief from the cold before the end of the week.

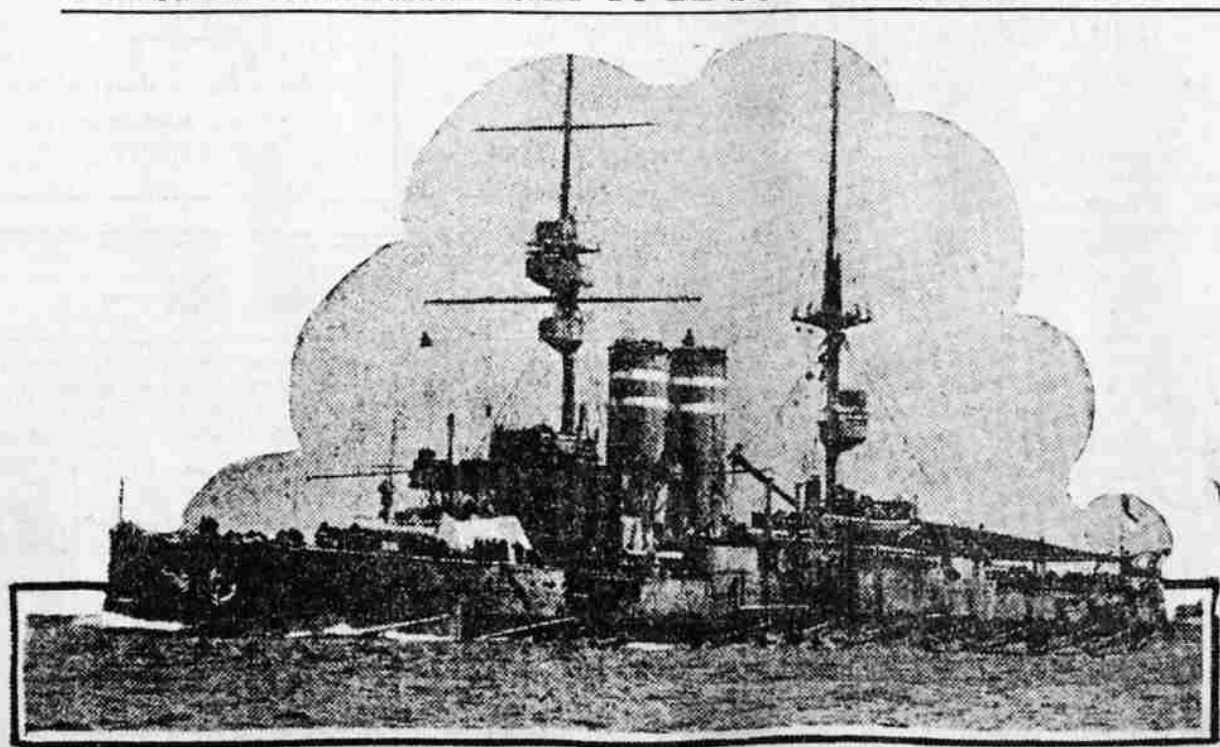
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14.—Gradually rising temperatures throughout the central northwest states today brought relief from the intense cold of the last two days and enabled railroads to resume normal service. In the twin cities the temperature was 17 degrees below early today as compared with 23 below two hours previously.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—The cold weather which has prevailed in the middle-west for the last 36 hours continued today but the weather bureau predicted higher temperatures before night.

In this morning at 7 a. m. street thermometers in the downtown district registered four degrees below zero.

Railroad traffic west of Chicago is still far from normal although reports from Iowa and Minnesota where the most serious trouble was encountered from the storm, state that conditions are improving.

LATEST BRITISH BATTLESHIP TO BE SUNK BY GERMAN MINE



Battleship King Edward VII.

Another pang to the British public was caused by the announcement of the loss of the battleship King Edward VII, which was blown up by a mine. The entire crew was saved. The displacement of the King Edward VII was 16,350 tons. She carried four 12-inch guns, four 9.2-inch, ten 6-inch, twelve 12-pounders and twelve 3-pounders.

ENTENTE ALLIES LANDING TROOPS IN LARGE NUMBERS AT SALONIKI

Officers Believe They Can Make a Second Ypres of Saloniki—Czar Nicholas Declares There Can Be No Peace Without Decisive Victory—Austro-Montenegrin Armistice Is Reported—Invasion of Montenegro Grave Menace to Italians—Fierce Artillery Fights in Progress Along Austro-Italian Front.

London, Jan. 14.—The Dutch steamer Princess Juliana arrived at Gravesend today, bringing the body of the captain and seven members of the crew of the Dutch steamer Maas Haven, which was abandoned on fire after striking a mine.

A Lloyd's dispatch from Rotterdam says the other members of the crew were saved.

Vienna, Jan. 14, via London, 2:50 a. m.—The capture of Cetinje capital of Montenegro, was announced by the war office.

The official announcement states:

"The capital of Montenegro is in our hands. Our troops pursuing the beaten enemy yesterday afternoon entered Cetinje. The residences of the Montenegrins and the town are undamaged. The population is calm."

Berlin, Jan. 14, by wireless to Sayville.—Dispatches from Sofia say that information has been brought there by a person who left Saloniki January 8 that the allies continue to land forces on a considerably increased scale at Saloniki and at Orfano bay. No purpose of taking the offensive has yet been displayed on the part of the allies who, according to this information, have completed their second line of defense.

The allies at Saloniki are said to have grown exceedingly optimistic and their officers express the belief that they can make a second Ypres of Saloniki.

Furious Fighting on Italian Front.

Rome, via London, Jan. 13, 9:59 p. m.—The following official communication was issued today:

"Along the whole front artillery actions continue aided by aeroplanes. The enemy's batteries hurl incendiary projectiles on our positions around Altissimo and in the valley of Terragno-Le and on the Borgo, without damage."

"Our artillery destroyed enemy shelter east of Grogone pass at Vis and dispersed troops and revictualling columns on the march in the Rector valley and Seebach. In the sector of Javornik in the Plezzo basin and San Martino Dalcargio, we repulsed enemy attacks."

"On the lower Isone the enemy artillery fired on Gradisca Sagrado and Montefalcone. Our artillery responded bombarding Devataki and Opachella. On Tuesday one of our aeroplanes dropped bombs on barracks in the Breguzzo zone in the valley of the Giudicaria, returning unharmd."

No Peace Without Victory.

London, Jan. 14.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent says that Emperor Nicholas, in an imperial order to the Russian army and navy on the occasion of the Russian New Year's day, proclaimed that there can be no peace without victory.

The order said:

"On the threshold of the year 1916, I send to you my greetings, my brave warriors. In heart and thought I am with you while you battle in the trenches, imploring the aid of the most high on your work, your valor and your courage. Remember this: Our beloved Russia cannot be assured of her independence and her rights; cannot enjoy the fruits of her labors or develop her resources unless a decisive victory is gained over the enemy."

Austrians Expel Montenegrins.

Berlin, Jan. 13, by wireless to Sayville.—The Austrian official communication received here today, says:

"Austro-Hungarian detachments advancing on the Adriatic have expelled the Montenegrins from Budua (a fortified port in Southern Dalmatia) and occupied Mont Maini Vrh north of the town, detachment in the Lovcen district yesterday evening were fighting six kilometers (about 3 3/4 miles) from Cetinje."

"Engagements near Grahovo also were favorable for the Austro-Hungarians, who advanced into the valley of the Austro-Hungarian frontier district south of Aytovac (Herzegovina) and suppressed the enemy who was expelled from his high positions."

"On the East Galicia and Bessarabian fronts there have been only isolated artillery duels. The Austro-Hungarians, contrary to the assertion of the Russians, still occupy the same positions east of the Stripa east of the Bessarabian front as from the Christmas offensive the only exception being the section of one battalion, which was taken back 200 paces."

"Italian artillery has shelled the towns of Crete and Por in Giudicaria and Nago, east of Riva."

"Enemy aviators threw bombs on Roncone without doing any damage. The Austro-Hungarian artillery fired upon the Italian camp and barracks south of Pontafel and set them on fire."

"On the coastal front, there have been artillery duels in the Tolmino and Doberdo sections."

Review of War Situation.

London, Jan. 14, 11:50 a. m.—It is authoritatively announced today that the reported offensive of the Teutonic

GETS THE BRITISH OFF TURKISH SOIL



General Sir W. R. Birdwood.